The Five Strategic Weapons of LPM

Surviving and thriving in a fast-paced digital world





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Agile by itself is not enough to compete in the digital age

"Strategy without tactics is the slowest route to victory. Tactics without strategy is the noise before defeat."– Sun Tzu

- Speed in the digital age is the essence of winning
- Businesses require tools and techniques to better align strategy with execution
- Moving fast means empowering Agile teams and teams-of-teams to make the right decisions at the right time

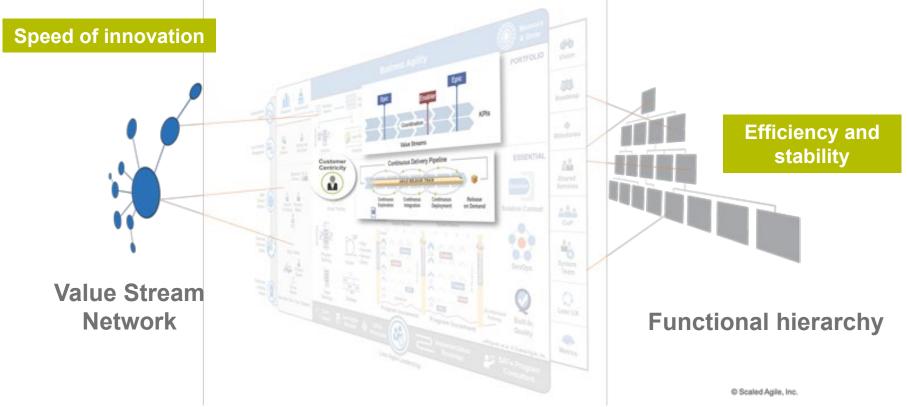


#1 Apply Organizational Agility

Without organizational agility, enterprises simply cannot respond sufficiently to the challenges and opportunities that today's rapidly changing markets present.



We need a dual operating system for organizational and business agility



And to organize the portfolio around value

- Move from organizing in projects to organizing around the portfolio's Value Streams that create Solutions—products and services—used by customers
- Customers do not buy Features or Capabilities. Rather, they buy whole product Solutions that deliver desired outcomes, which makes Solutions one of the central concepts in SAFe.



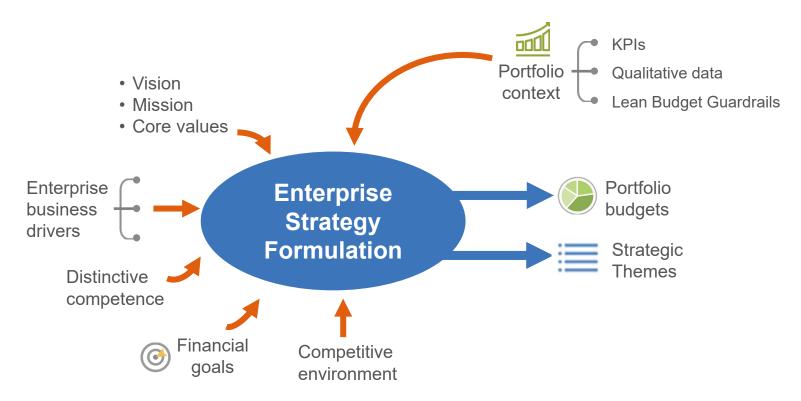
Value Streams

#2 Portfolio Vision

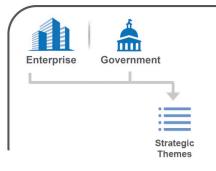
- Understand the enterprise strategy and how the portfolio contributes to it
- Define the portfolio's current state
- ► Envision the future state
- Every portfolio needs to have a strategy, tactics and plans



Understand how the portfolio contributes to the enterprise strategy



Connect the portfolio to the Enterprise with Strategic Themes



Strategic Themes are differentiating business objectives that:

- Drive the future state of a portfolio
- ► Connect the Portfolio to the Enterprise strategy
- Provide context for the Portfolio Vision and Lean budgeting

Good examples of Strategic Themes	Bad examples of Strategic Themes
 Expand autonomous delivery into retail Expand autonomous delivery into healthcare 	Increase shareholder wealthMaximize corporate wealth

Describe Strategic Themes with Objectives and Key Results (OKRs)

- Objectives represent the Strategic Themes (differentiating business objectives) that drive the future state of a portfolio
- Key results measure progress toward the business objectives

Objective	Key Results
Increase customer engagement in our community platform	Reduce membership churn from 20% to 5%
	Increase Net Promoter Score (NPS) from 35 to 60
	Improve average weekly visits per active user from 5,000 to 20,000
	Increase non-paid (organic) traffic from 1,500 to 5,000 users
	Improve engagement from 30% to 60%

Understand the Current State of the Portfolio

"...Know yourself and you will win all battles". -Sun Tzu

- 1. What customers and markets do we serve?
- 2. What products and solutions do we provide?
- 3. What unique value and resources do we bring?
- 4. How do we sustain value?

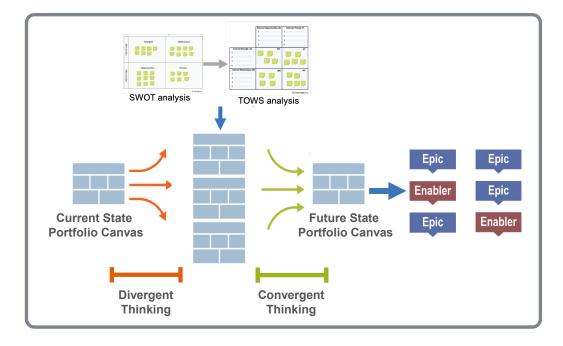
Portfolio Canvas	Portfolio	Name:		Date:		Version	
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Value Streams 🚍	Solutions 🗾	Customers 🦓	Channels 🚛	Cust Relati	tomer onships 🎔	Budget 🚱	KPIs/ Revenue
Key Partners	Ø	Key Activities		S	Key Reso		
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Cost Structure			Revenue Streams	5			
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The Portfolio Carrvas is adapted from The Business Model Carrvas (http://www.businessmodelgeneration.com). This work is licensed under the Creative Commons Atthbution-Share Alke 3.0 Unpotted License. To view a copy of this license visit. http://creative.commons.org/licensed/by-sa/3.0.

Envision the future state of the portfolio

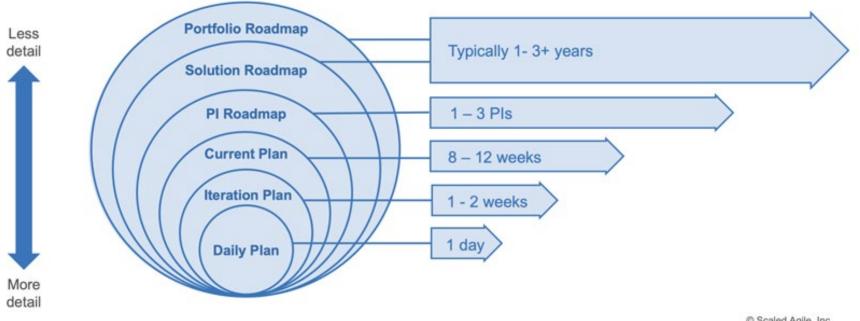
"Avoid what is strong and strike at what is weak"- Sun Tzu

- Apply SWOT and TOWS to understand the portfolio's strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, and threats and to identify strategic options
- Use divergent thinking to identify future state alternatives
- Use convergent thinking to agree upon the future state
- Identify epics to test and implement the future state



Guide the organization with plans to realize the Strategic Themes

"According as circumstances are favorable, one should modify one's plans" "- Sun Tzu



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#3 Establish Portfolio Flow

- Define Epics after envisioning the the future state. After approval, implement Epics using a Build-Measure-Learn SAFe Lean Startup approach
- Make the largest business and technical initiatives visible
- Bring structure to Epic review and analysis and a go/no-go decision
- Drive collaboration among key stakeholders

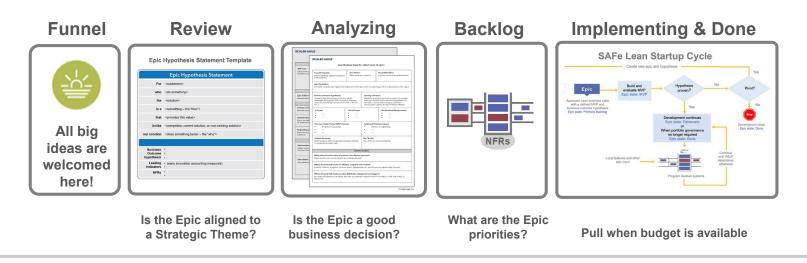


Epics flow through the Portfolio Kanban

The Portfolio Kanban system describes the process states that an Epic goes through from the funnel to done.

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Funnel	Reviewing	Analyzing	Portfolio Backlog	Implementing	Done
All big ideas are captured, such as: New business opportunities Cost savings Marketplace changes Mergers and acquisitions Problems with existing Solutions	 Refine understanding of the Epic Create the Epic hypothesis statement Preliminary cost estimates and WSJF WIP limited 	 Solution alternatives Refined cost estimates and WSJF Define MVP Create Lean business case Go/no-go decision WIP limited 	 Epics approved by LPM Sequenced using WSJF 	MVPPersevere evaluate MVP• Affected ARTs or Solution Trains reserve capacity for the epic• Pivot or persevere decision made• Affected ARTs or Solution Trains reserve capacity for the epic• Pulled by teams• Continue Feature implementation until WSJF determines otherwise	Done when LPM governance is no longer required
	Pull when an Epic Owner is available	Pull when an Epic Owner has capacity	Pull when approved by LPM	Pull when train capacity and budget available Pull when MVP hypothesis proven true	Pull when Epic is no longer a portfolio concern

Epic refinement and flow is supported by LPM events and practices



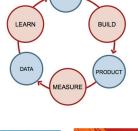
LPM events and practices that support the Portfolio Kanban



Epics are implemented using the SAFe Lean Startup Cycle

"What if we found ourselves building something that nobody wanted? In that case, what did it matter if we did it on time and on budget?"

- —Eric Ries, The Lean Startup
- The Lean startup promotes building new products, services, and Solutions through a combination of experimentation, iterative releases, and fast validated learning
- Customer feedback is key to the Lean startup process and ensures that the company does not invest time designing Solutions that Customers do not want

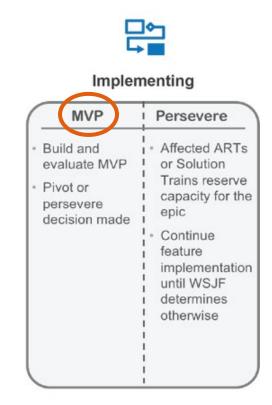


IDEAS



Implementing is where the MVP for the Epic is defined and built

- The Epic Owner works with Agile Teams to begin the activities needed to develop the MVP and evaluate the business outcome hypothesis
- This strategy for implementing Epics provides the economic and strategic advantages of a Lean startup by managing investment and risk incrementally, while leveraging the flow and visibility benefits of SAFe

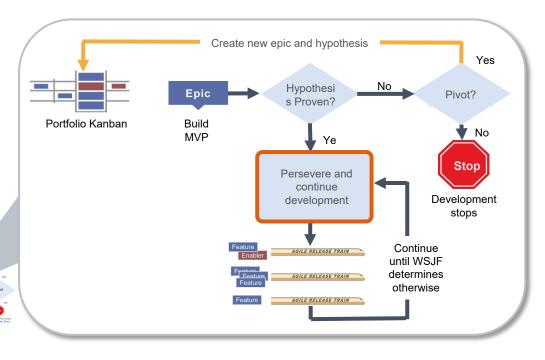


Implementing in the persevere state is done if the Epic hypothesis is proven

When the hypothesis is proven, the Epic moves to the persevere state.

- Persevere Continue development of the new offering
- Pivot A structured course correction designed to test a new hypothesis
- Stop Development of the Epic stops

Note: Many



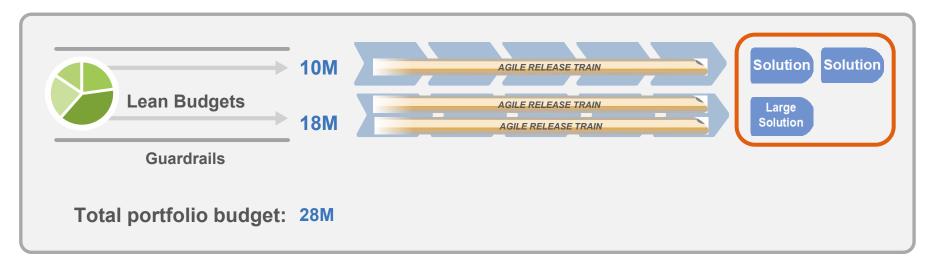
#4 Lean Budgets

- Fund Value Streams not projects
- Guide investments by horizon
- Apply Participatory Budgeting

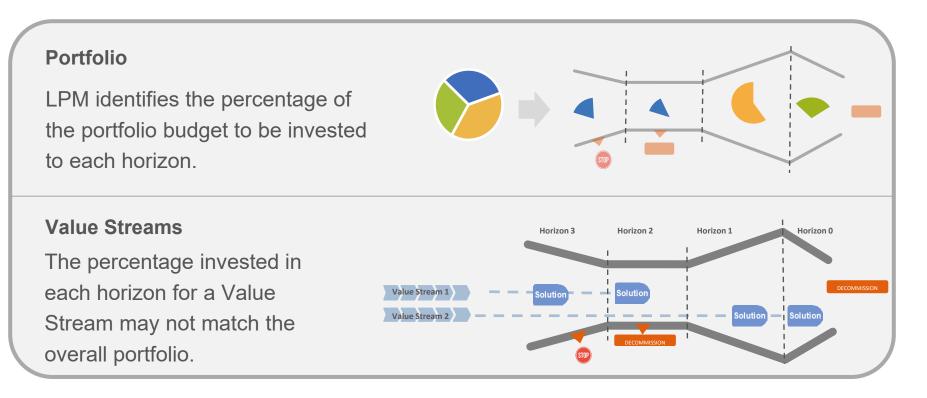


Budgets are allocated to Value Streams to develop Solutions

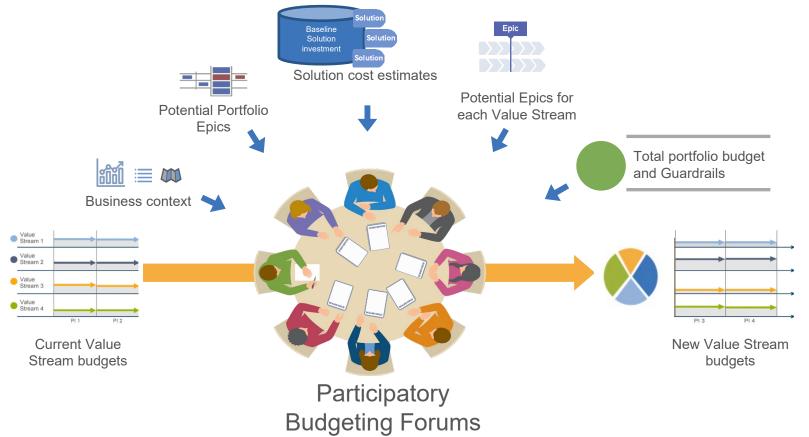
Each Value Stream develops one or more Solutions



Guiding investments by horizons

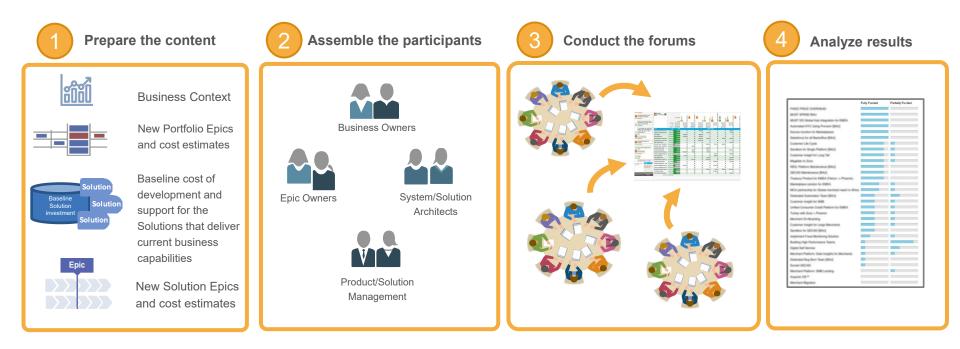


Use participatory budgeting to establish Value Stream budgets



Running a Participatory Budgeting event

Participatory budgeting is a significant event that requires preparation, coordination, and communication.



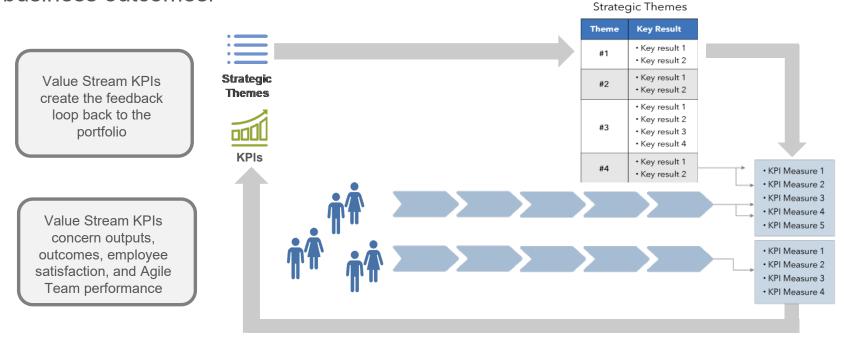
#5 Maneuver with KPIs

- Strategic Themes Inform
 Value Stream KPIs
- ► Measure What Matters
- Close the Loop on Lean
 Budgeting



Value Stream KPIs help steer the portfolio

Value Stream key performance indicators (KPIs) are the quantifiable measures used to evaluate how a Value Stream is performing against its forecasted business outcomes.



Measure portfolio progress with Lean metrics

- Metrics are agreed-upon measures used to evaluate how well the organization is progressing toward business and technical objectives
- Each portfolio must establish Metrics to assure results are continually improving, while promoting decentralization of decision-making

Goals	Measures	Desired Benefits		
Employee Engagement	Employee surveys; Agile People Operations data	Improved employee satisfaction, higher employee engagement, and better business outcomes		
Customer Satisfaction	Net Promoter Score (NPS)	Improved customer experiences and loyalty		
Partner Health	Partner and vendor surveys	Improved ecosystem relationships		
Business Agility	Business Agility self-assessment	Improved ability to respond to market changes, emerging opportunities and threats		
Portfolio Performance	Objectives and Key Results (OKRs); LPM Self-Assessment	Better alignment and improved progress toward the portfolio's strategic themes, and portfolio performance		
Value Stream Performance	Value Stream KPIs	Improved performance against the forecasted business outcomes		
Program Predictability	Program predictability measure	Improved actual business value achieved		
Time-to-Market	Number of releases; feature cycle time	More frequent releases; faster feature delivery		
Relentless improvement	Self-assessments for each level of the Framework	Relentless improvement in team, program and portfolio performance		
Quality	Defect count and cycle time; support call volume; escaped defects	Improved customer satisfaction; reduced support call volume, and lower product development costs		

Join me at the Meet the Speaker Session!



Please refer to the agenda for scheduled times



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Thank you!